Introduction to Computer Systems

Syllabus

Web Page

http://pdinda.org/ics

We will not be using Blackboard for anything in this course.

Instructor

Peter A. Dinda Tech L463 pdinda@northwestern.edu Office hours: Wednesdays,9-12, or by appointment

Teaching assistants

Kyle Hale Ford 2-221 <u>kh@u.northwestern.edu</u> Office hours: Mondays, 1-4, or by appointment

Kaicheng Zhang Tech L476 <u>kaichengz@u.northwestern.edu</u> Office hours: Tuesdays, 3:30-6:30, or by appointment

Conor Hetland Wilkinson Lab <u>conorhetland2015@u.northwestern.edu</u> Office hours: Thursdays, 3:30-6:30, or by appointment

Location and Time

Lecture:Tuesdays and Thursdays, 2-3:20pm, Tech LR5 (M193)Recitation:Mondays, 6pm, Tech L251

Prerequisites

Required	EECS 211 or equivalent
Required	Experience with C or C++

EECS 213 is a **required core course** in the Computer Science curriculum in both McCormick and Weinberg. It is also a required course for CS minors in both

schools. 213 can also be taken for credit within the Computer Engineering curriculum. 300-level systems courses have 213 as a prerequisite.

Textbook

Randal E. Bryant and David R. O'Hallaron, *Computer Systems: A Programmer's Perspective, Second Edition*, Prentice Hall, 2010, (ISBN-10: 0136108040 ISBN-13: 978-0136108047) (Required - Textbook)

- Details on <u>http://csapp.cs.cmu.edu</u>
- Make sure you have the second edition of the book.

Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, *The C Programming Language, Second Edition*, Prentice Hall, 1988 (ISBN 0-131-10370-9) (Recommended)

• This remains the definitive book on C by its creators

Richard Stevens and Stephen Rago, *Advanced Programming in the Unix Environment, Third Edition*, Addison-Wesley, 2013 (ISBN-10: 0321637739 | ISBN-13: 978-0321637734) (Recommended)

- This describes how to think like a Unix systems programmer
- The older editions, even the first edition, are very good

Objectives, framework, philosophy, and caveats

This course has four purposes. First, you will learn about the hierarchy of abstractions and implementations that comprise a modern computer system. This will provide a conceptual framework that you can then flesh out with courses such as compilers, operating systems, networks, and others. The second purpose is to demystify the machine and the tools that we use to program it. This includes telling you the little details that students usually have to learn by osmosis. In combination, these two purposes will give you the background to understand many different computer systems. The third purpose is to bring you up to speed in doing systems programming in a low-level language in the Unix environment. The final purpose is to prepare you for upper-level courses in systems.

This is a learn-by-doing kind of class. You will write pieces of code, compile them, debug them, disassemble them, measure their performance, optimize them, etc.

The specific computer architecture we will focus on in this class is the Intel/AMD x86 architecture, which is used in virtually all cloud, cluster, server, desktop, and laptop/notebook computers today.¹ The specific operating system we will use is Linux, which is used in most cloud and server environments, and is also the

¹ For the most part, the lecture and programming assignments in this class look at x86 processors in 32 bit mode. We will try to touch on x86 in 64 bit mode as well. We may also look briefly at the ARM architecture used in iPhones/iPads and many Android devices. If this doesn't make sense to you yet, don't worry about it.

foundation of the Android platform. The specific programming toolchain we will use is GCC (and GDB), which is the core toolchain on pretty much all platforms, except Windows.

This course is ideally taken after 211 early in your academic career.

Discussion and Getting Help

In addition to lecture and office hours, the TAs will also hold an optional recitation section once a week. This quarter we will try to use Piazza for class discussions. There is also a Google discussion group for the class, but we will only bring that up if needed.

Resources

You will have Linux accounts on the Wilkinson and Tlab machines, and it should be possible to do a lot of your work on them, or other 64 bit Linux machines. However, you will also have access to a considerably more powerful server machine that can support many users simultaneously, and we expect most students will use that. We will test your labs on that machine.

Labs

There will be four programming labs. Their goal is to make you apply the concepts you've learned and to gain familiarity with Unix tools that can help you apply them. Labs should be done in groups of two.

Homework

Four problem sets will be assigned. Their goal is to help you improve your understanding of the material. Homework should be done alone.

Exams

There will be a midterm exam and a final exam. The final exam will not be cumulative.

Grading

- 10 % Homeworks (2.5% per homework)
- 50 % Programming labs (12.5% per lab)
- 20 % Midterm (covers first half of the course)
- 20 % Final (covers second half of the course)

Peter ultimately assigns all grades. If you have a problem with a grade, you are welcome to bring it up with either Peter or the TAs, but only Peter is empowered to change grades.

Late Policy

For each calendar day after the due date for a homework or a lab, 10% is lost. After 1 day, the maximum score is 90%, after 2 days, 80%, etc, for a maximum of 10 days.

Cheating

Since cheaters are mostly hurting themselves, we do not have the time or energy to hunt them down. We much prefer that you act collegially and help each other to learn the material and to solve development problems than to have you live in fear of our wrath and not talk to each other. Nonetheless, if we detect blatant cheating, we will deal with the cheaters as per Northwestern guidelines.

Schedule

Lecture	Date	Topics	Readings	Homework/Labs		
1	4/1 T	Mechanics, Introduction,	Chapter 1	Data lab out		
		overview of abstractions				
2	4/3 Th	Physics, transistors,	2, 2.1,	HW 1 out,		
		photolithography, Moore's	handout			
		Law, bits, bytes, logic, cores,				
		and multicores				
Last day for late registration: Friday, 4/4						
3	4/8 T	Integers and integer math	2.2-2.3			
4	4/10 Th	Floating point	2.4-2.5			
Instructor away 4/11, possibly also 4/10						
5	4/15 T	The Machine Model –	3, 3.1-3.5,	HW 1 in, HW 2		
		instruction set architecture,	5.7	out		
		microarchitecture, and basic				
		instructions				
6	4/17 Th	Control flow	3.6	Data lab in		
		Instructor out of town		Bomb lab out		
7	4/22 T	Procedures	3.7			
8	4/24 Th	Data	3.8-3.12			
9	4/29 T	64 bit x86 and perhaps some	3.13-3.15,	HW 2 in, HW 3		
		ARM	possible	out		
			ARM			
			materials			
Midterm Exam: TBD, but around this time – will be in the evening						
10	5/1 Th	Memory and cache	6, 6.1-6.4			
11	5/6 T	Cache performance	6.5-6.7	Bomb lab in,		
				Buffer lab out		
12	5/8 Th	Linking	Chapter 7			
Last day for class drops: Friday, 5/9						
13	5/13 T	Exceptional control flow	8,8.1-8.4			

14	5/15 Th	Exceptional control flow	8.5-8.8	HW 3 in	
15	5/20 T	Virtual memory	9, 9.1-9.8	Buffer lab in,	
		Memory system		Fourth lab out,	
16	5/22 Th	Memory allocation	9.9-9.12	HW 4 out	
17	5/27 T	Slack Day / Catchup / TBD			
18	5/29 Th	Input and Output	Chapter 10		
19	6/3 T	Network programming	Chapter 11		
			Handout		
20	6/4 Th	Concurrency, Distributed	Chapter 12	Fourth lab in	
		Systems and Wrap-up	handouts	HW 4 in	
Finals week – Exam is Monday, June 9, 9-11 AM					

Note that in the latter part of the course, we will cover Chapters 10-12 at a very high level. I want you to read these chapters, but I will not cover them in their entirety in class.

We will skip Chapter 4 (Processor Architecture), 5 (Performance Optimization), and others. Chapter 4 is worth reading if you're interested in how a simple processor with an Intel-like instruction set is implemented. Chapter 5 is all about understanding how to make programs run faster.